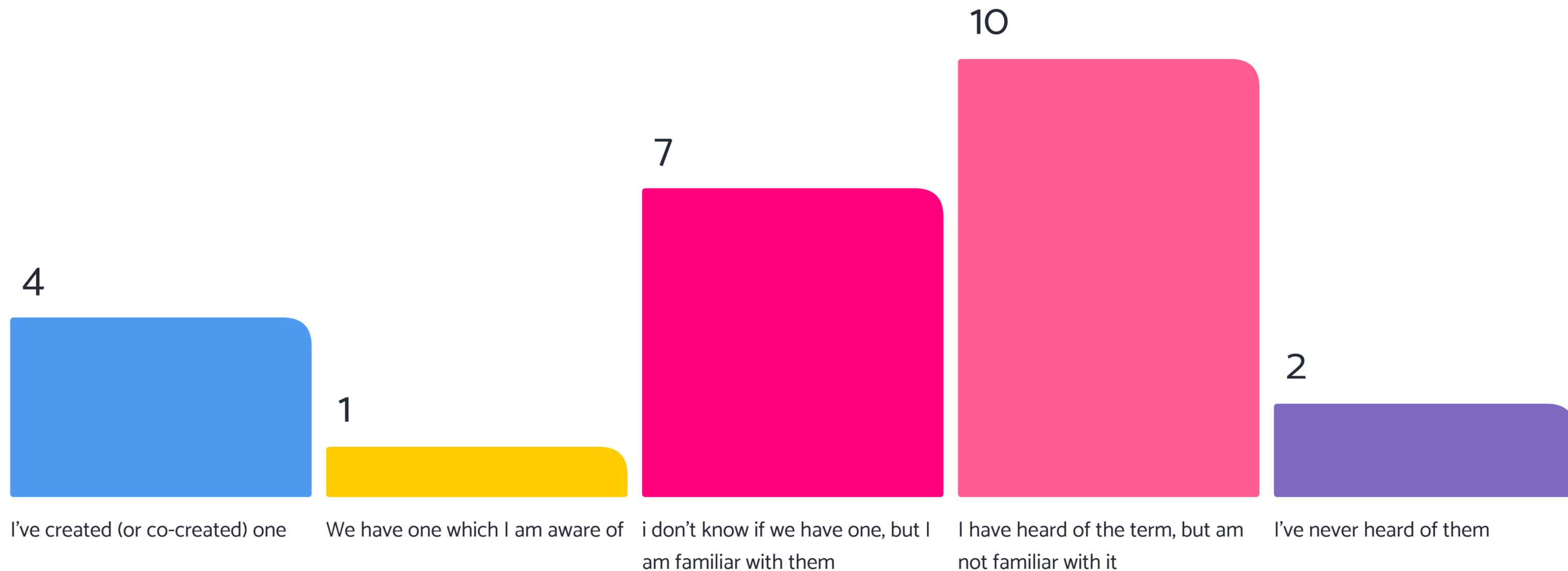


# How familiar are you with adaptation pathways?



# From your perspective, what are the benefits of adaptation pathways?

Understanding actions that you need to undertake to adapt

I don't know

Reassurance of when decisions need taking and what needs to be put in place by then

Future proofing

Structured process for using climate scenarios to plan for future

Understanding challenges

Adaptive with triggers for changing

Avoid abortive costs

# From your perspective, what are the benefits of adaptation pathways?

Increased resilience to climate change hazards

Not sure - I dont know

To aid future policy decision-making, rather than starting from a blank page

Planning under uncertainty

Visualise the story for stakeholders

allowing people to envisage different options and the benefits of working early

Planning for future climate change

Allows flexibility.

# From your perspective, what are the benefits of adaptation pathways?

putting in those longer term plans in place to help us understand the risks and the actions we need to take to adapt to climate change, and what we need to do them

It supports a journey by the organisation. It raises awareness across a system and the general public

Being able to adapt when triggers are met

new solution for conventional problems

Protecting vulnerable people

Exploring the whole system

To develop short and long-term plans and targets to meet. Network and problem-solving from imagining different scenarios.

Managing Uncertainty

# What are the limitations?

assuming buy in

Can it look at multiple hazards at same time?

unknown risks we might face with climate change may throw off adaptation planning

Not everyone understands the concept - harder to engage stakeholders

Education of those undertaking the assessment

Funding

Location/geography

land, local people's views, and funds

# What are the limitations?

It can make an undesirable outcome seem inevitable e.g. loss of village / structure rather than exploring other options to adapt

The true understanding of the scale of adaptation required

Considering many uncertainties and future scenarios can quickly lead to too much complexity within resource constraints (cost, time)

Difficult to plan for short term unprecedented extremes

Planing and budgeting

Costs

Assumed continuation of buy-in

High cost of doing pathway properly, with savings a long way in the future

# What are the limitations?

Focusing more on adapting, than mitigating

Rapid change in the real world, both in terms of technology and tipping points.

Difficulties gaining administrative permission, support, funding, coordination?

Overlaying the risks to understand impact

I would suggest organisational prioritisation of this work, lack of senior buy in for resourcing, everything else is a priority, we bounce from emergency to emergency and don't think long term

Climate change trajectories can be variable, adaptation pathways should be flexible and holistic

Data and monitoring requirements

Adaptation used as a sop, with untested non existant technologies

# What are the limitations?

Needs so much pre-planning

Lack of engagement from others within the community.

Building in more risks to adapt to as we go

How to decide the route to take - e.g. resist, accept, direct

People don't want to talk about heatwaves in winter, or flooding in summer, but pre-planning is needed

Adapting to short-term shocks

You can only adapt so far.

It can be used for greenwashing, therefore permitting bad actors

# What do you see as the priorities of developing adaptation pathways?

